

Indian Statistical Institute
M.Math I Year Second Semester Back Paper Exam 2003-2004
Algebra II

Time: 3 hours

Date: 21-07-04

Max. Marks : 100

Note: Answer all questions.

1. State the Eisenstein's criteria for the irreducibility of a polynomial in $\mathbb{Q}[x]$.
Determine if $f(x) = x^2 + 27x + 213$ is irreducible over the following fields:
(i) \mathbb{Q} (ii) \mathbb{F}_5 [10]
2. Define a Noetherian ring and a Noetherian module. Give examples.
Prove that if N is a submodule of an R -module M , then M is Noetherian if and only if N and M/N are Noetherian. [10]
3. Define localisation of a ring. Let R be a commutative ring. Prove that an ideal I of R is a prime ideal if and only if it is maximal with respect to the property of not meeting some multiplicatively closed subset of R . [10]
4. Define the characteristic of a field. Give an example of an infinite field of characteristic $p > 0$. If k is a field of characteristic $p > 0$ and $f(x) \in k[x]$ is irreducible, then show that $f(x)$ divides $X^{q^n} - X$ if and only if the degree of f divides n . [10]
5. Define splitting field of a polynomial in $\mathbb{F}[X]$ where \mathbb{F} is a field. Prove that for any $f \in \mathbb{F}[X]$, splitting field of f exists and is unique up to an isomorphism of fields. [10]
6. Let $a \in K = \mathbb{Q}(e^{2i\pi/n})$. If α is a root of $X^n - a$, prove that $K(\alpha)$ is a cyclic extension of K , of some degree d dividing n . [10]
7. State (do not prove) precisely what the natural numbers n are for which the regular n -gon can be constructed by a ruler and a compass. Use this to deduce that an angle of 60 degrees can be constructed but an angle of 20 degrees cannot be constructed by ruler and compass. [10]

8. Let K be an extension of a field F . Let $x_1, \dots, x_n \in K$ such that $\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ is algebraically independent over F . Given any sequence r_1, \dots, r_n of positive integers, show that $\{x_1^{r_1}, \dots, x_n^{r_n}\}$ is also algebraically independent over F . [10]
9. (a) Let $n > 0$ be an integer. Find the integral closure of the ring of integers \mathbb{Z} in the ring $\mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{n}] = \{a + b\sqrt{n} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$.
 (b) Let $R \subset T$ be domains with R integrally closed in T , and let $S \subset R$ be a multiplicatively closed subset of R . Prove that R_S is integrally closed in T_S . [10]
10. State the Galois correspondence theorem, including the definitions of the relevant concepts. Find the Galois group of the splitting field of the polynomial $X^3 + X^2 - 3$ over \mathbb{Q} . [10]